



SANTA FE SPRINGS DEPARTMENT OF FIRE - RESCUE

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Storm Water Program - Industrial Facilities

What Is Storm Water?

Storm Water is rainwater that enters the storm drain system and empties into lakes, rivers, streams or the ocean.

What is Storm Water pollution?

Water from rain, irrigation, garden hoses or other activities that picks up pollutants (cigarette butts, trash, automotive fluids, used oil, paint, plastic pellets, metal shavings, fertilizers and pesticides, lawn and garden clippings and pet waste) from streets, parking lots, driveways and yards and carries them through the storm drain system, streams and rivers and straight to the ocean.

What is the difference between storm drains and sewers?

The sewer system collects water from inside homes and businesses and carries it to a treatment plant where it is cleaned before being released into the ocean. The storm drain system collects water and litter from outside our homes and businesses and carries it, untreated, directly to the ocean.

Why should I be concerned with Storm Water?

Rain falling on urban areas result in both benefits and problems. The benefits are watering vegetation and area cleansing. The problem is that when rain flows over streets and other surfaces, it picks up pollutants and carries them into the storm drain. The storm drain is designed to prevent flooding by transporting water away from urban areas. Unfortunately, this water and all the contaminants it contains eventually flow to our streams, lakes, and the ocean where we swim and fish. Once there, polluted runoff can harm wildlife and their habitats. In some cases, it can even cause beach closures or make our fish and shellfish unsafe to eat.

What are my legal responsibilities?

As required by Federal law and Chapter 52 of the Santa Fe Springs Code of Ordinances an industrial facility must obtain a Storm Water Permit with the State and implement Best Management Practices (BMPs). BMPs are good housekeeping solutions that include the proper handling, storage, and disposal of materials to prevent storm water pollution. Examples include: covering outdoor storage, routinely sweeping storage areas, keeping absorbent material on-site to clean up spills or leaks, or having spill prevention and control procedures in place. To obtain your industry specific BMP see the website at http://dpw.lacounty.gov/wmd/NPDES/IC_Facilities/appendix_B.pdf or visit our office at the address above.

In addition to the above requirements, your business must also develop, implement and maintain on-site a Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) and a written Monitoring Program.

Who is required to get a Storm Water Permit?

The Federal Clean Water Act mandates that certain industrial activities must comply with the Storm Water Program. There are eleven activity categories that require a National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permit (see the reverse side). These categories are defined by either the facility's Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) code or a description of the facilities industrial activity. If you need help finding your SIC code, see the website at <http://www.osha.gov/pls/imis/sicsearch.html> or visit our office for assistance.

How do I obtain a Storm Water Permit?

To obtain a permit the following items must be submitted to the State Water Resources Control Board: A Notice of Intent (NOI) form, Site Map and appropriate State fees. To obtain a NOI form, call the Los Angeles Regional Water Board at (213) 576-6600 or visit the website at http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/water_issues/programs/stormwater/industrial.shtml and click on General Industrial Permit.

Why am I getting inspected?

The City of Santa Fe Springs is subject to requirements in the Los Angeles County Municipal Storm Water Permit (Order No. 01-182). As such, the City is responsible for inspecting all facilities that fall within the Storm Water Program and must verify that best management practices are being utilized to minimize the discharge of surface runoff contaminants.

Are there any fees for this program?

The City of Santa Fe Springs is required to inspect all industrial facilities twice in a five-year period. Currently, the annual fee for conducting Storm Water inspections is \$62.00. The State also has an annual permit fee which is \$1,359.00.

For more Information...

Contact the LA Regional Water Quality Control Board at (213) 576-6600 or the State Water Board at (916) 341-5538.

Who is subject to Phase I the NPDES Storm Water Program and needs a Permit?

The term 6Storm Water Discharges Associated with Industrial Activity, defined in federal regulations 40 CFR 122.26(b)(14)(i)-(xi), determined which industrial facilities are potentially subject to Phase I of the storm water program. If you are subject to the program you need to apply for a permit. The definition uses either SIC (Standard Industrial Classification) codes or narrative descriptions to characterize the activities. You are responsible for identifying your facility's SIC code. The definitions 11 categories ((i) - (xi)) are listed below. You should review these 11 categories and decide if your type of facility is described by any of them (either by SIC code or by narrative descriptions). Please note that categories iii, viii, and xi have special conditions, or exceptions (described below) which may make a facility NOT subject to the program, and therefore not required to apply, even though the facility's activity matches one of the SIC codes.

category (i)

Facilities subject to storm water effluent limitations guideline, new source performance standards, or toxic pollutant effluent standards under 40 CFR subchapter N (except facilities with toxic pollutant effluent standards which are exempted under category (xi)). These types of facilities include the following :

- 40 CFR Subchapter N
- 405 Dairy products processing
- 406 Grain mills
- 407 Canned & preserved fruits & veg. processing *
- 408 Canned & preserved seafood processing
- 409 Beet, crystalline & liquid cane sugar refining
- 410 Textile mills
- 411 Cement manufacturing
- 412 Feedlots
- 414 Organic Chemicals plastics and synthetic fibers
- 415 Inorganic chemical manufacturing *
- 417 Soap and detergent manufacturing
- 418 Fertilizer manufacturing
- 419 Petroleum refining
- 420 Iron and steel manufacturing
- 421 Nonferrous metal manufacturing
- 422 Phosphate manufacturing *
- 423 Steam electric power
- 424 Ferroalloy manufacturing *
- 425 Leather tanning and finishing
- 426 Glass manufacturing *
- 427 Asbestos manufacturing
- 428 Rubber manufacturing
- 429 Timber products processing
- 430 Pulp, paper, and paperboard *
- 431 Builder's paper and board mills
- 432 Meat products
- 433 Metal finishing
- 434 Coal Mining *
- 436 Mineral mining & processing *
- 439 Pharmaceutical manufacturing *
- 440 Ore mining & dressing *
- 443 Paving and roofing materials
- 446 Paint formulating
- 447 Ink formulating
- 455 Pesticide Chemicals *
- 458 Carbon Black manufacturing
- 461 Battery manufacturing
- 463 Plastics molding and forming
- 464 Metal molding and casting
- 465 Coil coating
- 466 Porcelain enameling
- 467 Aluminum forming
- 468 Copper forming *
- 469 Electrical & electronic component
- 471 Nonferrous metal forming & powders

* some facilities in group do not have limits or standards, see 40 CFR subchapter N to verify.

category (ii)

Facilities classified by the following SIC codes:

- | SIC Code | |
|----------|---|
| 24 | lumber and wood products (except 2434 wood kitchen cabinets, see (xi)) |
| 26 | paper & allied products (except 265 paperboard containers, 267 converted paper, see (xi)) |
| 28 | chemicals & allied products (except 283 drugs, see (xi)) |
| 29 | petroleum & coal products |
| 311 | leather tanning & finishing |
| 32 | stone, clay & glass production (except 323 products of purchased glass, see (xi)) |
| 33 | primary metal industry |
| 3441 | fabricated structural metal |
| 373 | ship and boat building and repair |

category (iii) Mineral Industry

Facilities classified as SIC codes 10-14 including active or inactive mining operations (except for areas of coal mining operations no longer meeting the definition of a reclamation area under 40 CFR 434.11(1) because the performance bond issued to the facility by the appropriate SMCRA authority has been released, or areas of non-coal mining operations which have been released from applicable State or Federal reclamation requirements after December 17, 1990), and oil and gas exploration, production, processing, or treatment operations, or transmission facilities that discharge storm water contaminated by contact with or that has come into contact with, any overburden, raw material, intermediate products, finished products, byproducts or waste products located on the site of such operations (inactive mining operations are mining sites that are not being actively mined, but which have an identifiable owner/operator; inactive mining sites do not include sites where mining claims are being maintained prior to disturbances associated with the extraction, beneficiation, or processing of mined materials, nor sites where minimal activities are undertaken for the sole purpose of maintaining a mining claim).

- | SIC Code | |
|----------|--------------------------------------|
| 10 | metal mining (metallic mineral/ores) |
| 12 | coal mining |
| 13 | oil and gas extraction |
| 14 | non-metallic minerals except fuels |

Oil and gas operations that discharge contaminated storm water at any time between November 16, 1987 and October 1, 1992, and that are currently not authorized by an NPDES permit, must apply for a permit. Operators of oil and gas exploration, production, processing, or treatment operations or transmission facilities, that are not required to submit a permit application as of October 1, 1992 in accordance with 40 CFR 122.26(c)(1)(iii), but that after October 1, 1992 have a discharge of a reportable quantity of oil or a hazardous substance (in a storm water discharge) for which notification is required pursuant to either 40 CFR 110.6, 117.21, or 302.6, must apply for a permit.

category (iv) Hazardous Waste

Hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal facilities including those that are operating under interim status or a permit under Subtitle C of RCRA.

category (v) Landfills

Landfills, land application sites, and open dumps that receive or have received any industrial waste (waste that is received from any of the facilities described under categories (i) - (xi)) including those that are subject to regulations under Subtitle D of RCRA.

category (vi)

Facilities involved in the recycling of materials, including metal scrap yards, battery reclaimers, salvage yards, and automobile junkyards, including but limited to those classified as SIC 5015 (used motor vehicle parts) and 5093 (scrap and waste materials).

category (vii) Steam Electric Plants

Steam electric power generating facilities, including coal handling sites.

category (viii) Transportation

Transportation facilities classified by the SIC codes listed below which have vehicle maintenance shops, equipment cleaning operations, or airport deicing operations. Only those portions of the facility that are either involved in vehicle maintenance (including vehicle rehabilitation, mechanical repairs, painting, fueling, and lubrication), equipment cleaning operations, airport deicing operations, or which are otherwise identified under categories (i)-(vii) or (ix)-(xi) are associated with industrial activity, and need permit coverage.

- | SIC Code | |
|----------|---|
| 40 | railroad transportation |
| 41 | local and interurban passenger transit |
| 42 | trucking & warehousing (except 4221-25, see (xi)) |
| 43 | US postal service |
| 44 | water transportation |
| 45 | transportation by air |
| 5171 | petroleum bulk stations and terminals |

category (ix) Treatment Works

Treatment works treating domestic sewage or any other sewage sludge or wastewater treatment device or system, used in the storage, treatment, recycling, and reclamation of municipal or domestic sewage, including land dedicated to the disposal of sewage sludge that are located within the confines of the facility, with a design flow of 1.0 mgd or more, or required to have an approved pretreatment program under 40 CFR 403. Not included are farm lands, domestic gardens or lands used for sludge management where sludge is beneficially reused and which are not physically located in the confines of the facility, or areas that are in compliance with section 405 of the Clean Water Act.

category (x) Construction

Construction activity including clearing, grading and excavation activities except: operations that result in the disturbance of less than 5 acres of total land area which are not part of a larger common plan of development or sale.

[The construction "operator" must apply for permit coverage under the General Storm Water Permit for Construction Activities. The "operator" is the party or parties that either individually or taken together meet the following two criteria: 1) they have operational control over the site specification; 2) they have the day-to-day operational control of those activities at the site necessary to ensure compliance. For a typical commercial construction site, the owner and general contractor must both apply. For a typical residential development, the developer and all builders must apply. Each builder must apply even if they individually disturb less than 5 acres if the overall development is 5 or more acres. Only one Pollution Prevention Plan is required per site even though there may be multiple parties.]

category (xi) Light industry

Facilities classified by the following SIC codes:

- | SIC Code | |
|----------|---|
| 20 | food and kindred product |
| 21 | tobacco products |
| 22 | textile mill products |
| 23 | apparel and other textile product |
| 2434 | wood kitchen cabinets |
| 25 | furniture and fixtures |
| 265 | paperboard containers and boxes |
| 267 | miscellaneous converted paper products |
| 27 | printing and publishing |
| 283 | drugs |
| 285 | paints and allied products |
| 30 | rubber and miscellaneous plastic |
| 31 | leather and products (except 311) |
| 323 | products of purchased glass |
| 34 | fabricated metal products (except 3441) |
| 35 | industrial machinery and equipment |
| 36 | electronic and other electric equipment |
| 37 | transportation equipment (except 373) |
| 38 | instruments and related products |
| 39 | miscellaneous manufacturing |
| 4221 | farm product storage |
| 4222 | refrigerated storage |
| 4225 | general warehouse and storage |

(and which are not otherwise included in categories (ii) - (x)) with storm water discharges from all areas (except access roads and rail lines) where material handling equipment, or activities, raw materials, immediate products, final products, waste materials, by-products, or industrial machinery are exposed to storm water. Material handling activities include the storage, loading and unloading, transportation, or conveyance of any raw material, intermediate produce, finished product, by-product, or waste product.

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